

Minet Junior School

SEND Provision map

This document outlines the provision available to all children in MJS to the individualised support we offer specific children.

Universal support – Taken from Hillingdon Ordinarily Available Provision (OAP). This is available to ALL.							
Social, Emotional and Mental Health	Cognition and Learning	Communication and Interaction	Physical and sensory				
School staff have access to and engage	School staff embed child's individual and	School staff model positive language	Supervision during unstructured times				
with relevant training that provides skills	specific interests into the curriculum to						
and knowledge to be able to identify and	adapt for individual needs.	Verbal communication is supported	Personal needs are met such as toileting				
support child with social, emotional, and		consistently with visuals based on level	and feeding				
mental health needs.	School staff have access to and engage	of ability e.g., objects of reference,					
	with relevant training that provides skills	picture symbols, Widget	Clearly defined spaces for personal				
Pastoral Support is accessible and	and knowledge for them to be able to		equipment				
implemented for child when and if	identify and support child with learning	Introduce a variety of ways to express					
needed.	difficulties, i.e., Precision Teaching,	themselves e.g., poems, songs, drama,	Careful consideration where to position				
Calcal staff are access of hoursts access at	TEACCH, Working Memory.	rhymes etc	child within the classroom				
School staff are aware of how to support	Cohool stoff to house access to a various of	School staff allow time for child to	Deview eaction arrangements to answer				
child's wellbeing using appropriate resources.	School staff to have access to a range of concrete materials to establish child's	process and respond - minimum 10	Review seating arrangements to ensure good posture, remember areas away				
resources.	learning skills.	seconds	from main class such as dining/ outside				
School staff are aware of how to support	learning skills.	Seconds	area etc				
child's wellbeing using appropriate	Observational assessments of learning	Decrease social pressure of speaking	area etc				
resources (zones of regulation).	and emotional responses to different	and provide alternatives/cues e.g.,	Child must have full access to school				
Toda and (201100 of 10 garation).	learning contexts.	whiteboard, talking box etc	trips and learning outside of the				
All school staff promote self-esteem,			classroom				
confidence, resilience, and anxiety	Assessment over time, using structured	School staff facilitate opportunities for					
management for child through explicit	and robust programmes to develop	CHILD to share understanding of	Reasonable adjustment in lessons such				
teaching on such topics embedded	skills.	emotions through direct teaching	as PE e.g., differentiated lessons and				
within the curriculum.			equipment, personalised curriculum in				
	Adaptive teaching is planned for and	School staff to have accessible	such a way that is accessible to child				
Staff are Mental Health First Aid trained.	executed through content, process,	resources to support social imagination					
	product and learning environment.	e.g., Story planners, writing frames,	Adults to look for signs of fatigue,				
All school staff promote self-esteem,		sentence starters, social mapping	building in rest breaks as required				
confidence, resilience, and anxiety	School staff identify and support child to						
management for child through explicit	understand their learning strengths and	School staff to be aware of tone of voice	Consistent whole school staff approach				
teaching on such topics embedded	areas of development.	and rate of speech					
within the curriculum.	Learning environment, low are real	Adapt nonverbal communication (body	Vision impairment				
There are opportunities for child to share	Learning environment - low arousal, which is structured, distraction free and	language) so that it is positive and	Vision impairment Environment is planned taking				
opinions and concerns in a safe	organised for easy access, to create	matches child's needs	consideration of vision impairment needs				
environment.	independent learning.	materies offices riceus	e.g., playground and classroom layout,				
CHAIL CHAIL	inasponasin loanning.		o.g., playground and oldooroom layout,				

Language used in classroom is focused on child's strengths and helps to promote aspirational outcomes.

Learning environment - low arousal, which is structured, distraction free and organised for easy access, to create independence.

Behaviour Policy is robust and reflects child's strengths and needs and is easily accessible.

Absconding Policy is robust and reflects child's strengths and needs which is easily accessible and used by all.

Anti - bullying policy is robust and reflects child's strengths and needs which is easily accessible and used by all.

Adaptive teaching is planned for and executed through content, process, product and learning environment.

A designated member of staff that the child can check in with.

School staff have access to and engage with relevant training that provides skills and knowledge for them to be able to identify and support child with social emotional and mental health difficulties.

Progress should be carefully assessed, monitored and evaluated.

Opportunities for child to build social relationships in spaces of their choosing.

Relevant school staff have engaged in training on de-escalation techniques.

School staff adopts approaches to support emotional regulation.

School staff to have access to multisensory teaching approaches and embed those when necessary.

Emphasis on visual teaching aids to support learning when necessary.

School staff to use strategies and support materials to help compensate for weaker executive functioning, i.e., timer, checklist, highlighters.

Child have access to key information on a given subject.

School staff repeat information and make connections to other learning concepts during teaching.

School staff to reduce volume of work (quality vs quantity) with a focus on most important learning tasks.

School staff to present concepts in a variety of forms, using visual and auditory support.

School staff repeat information where needed using visual and verbal checklists.

Child to have access to reference tools: posters, dictionaries, written instructions, and lists of procedures.

School staff facilitate children's reflection on learnt information while activating previous knowledge.

School staff facilitate over-learning and revision to support child's personal organisation skills.

School staff facilitate opportunities for child to recognise and communicate their emotions

School staff to have accessible resources to support communication e.g., role play, modelling, storytelling, visual resources

Adapt to a level of child's understanding at one time when giving instructions and asking questions

Ask child to repeat instructions to clarify understanding

School staff to use child's name before giving an instruction to actively engage them

Use pre-teaching to embed core concepts used, in specific lessons

Instructions should be given chronologically (in order of completion)

display, signage and lighting, use of blinds.

Child is not facing a window and has a clear line of sight to the board – towards front of class.

Blinds drawn to avoid direct sunlight and glare

Hearing impairment

Staff understand the importance of visual aids and timetables to support a HI child's learning and include these in the planning and delivery of activities.

Staff consider the participation of the HI child in activities taking place outside the setting environment and take appropriate steps to ensure their safety at these times.

Staff understand the importance of appropriate positioning in supporting the HI child access to spoken/ signed information and encourage this in their day-to-day interactions.

Staff understand the importance of appropriate communication strategies for the HI child and promote these in their day-to-day interactions. E.g., eye contact before using signed communication, avoid covering their mouth etc.

Social, Emotional and Mental Health	Cognition and Learning	Communication and Interaction	Physical and sensory
Referred to Behaviour and Mentoring	School staff signpost families to local	Provide additional methods of	Environmental adjustments e.g., ramps
Coach	support groups: HACS, Centre for ASD	communicating e.g., Makaton, Pecs,	rails
	and ADHD Support, National Autistic	intensive interaction, detailed Widget	
Seen one to one by Behaviour and	Society.	boards	Appropriate policies for administrating
Mentoring Coach	·		medication or intimate care
	School staff to signpost families to the	Language programmes from external	
The One-page profile is collaboratively	Local Offer / connect support with	agencies are embedded and tracked:	Wobble cushions and wedge seats
produced with child and/or family to	applying for parenting courses, i.e.,	Language Link interventions	
ensure a 'team around the child'	Cygnets, Early Bird.	Language for Thinking interventions	Pencil grips
approach.		Language for Behaviour interventions	
	Dyslexia screening test		Laptops to complete work
Relevant school staff have knowledge of		Lego Therapy	
applicable referrals made to external	Dyscalculia screening test	Social Skills	Mouth Chew toys
agencies.		Drawing and Talking	
	Memory and attention interventions	Books of Beasties	THRIVE Sports
Pastoral Support plans (Thrive) are	(imitating Attention Hillingdon)		Sand Therapy
completed by school staff, monitored		Quiet room at lunchtime	
and reviewed on a regular basis with the	Range of Literacy and Maths		Provide enlarged/modified print
child.	interventions	Access to external agencies if	resources and handouts considering
	Read, Write Inc	necessary: educational psychology,	print tone and font style
Behaviour plans and risk assessments	Fresh start	SALT referral	
are monitored and reviewed on a regular			Access to examinations / end of year
pasis with the child.	Access to external agencies if		assessments is considered in advance
2	necessary: CAHMS, educational		0. " 1
Gardening	psychology		Staff understand the importance of ALD
Nurture			such as bone anchored hearing device
Seasons for growth			cochlear implant, Radio Aid system or
Self-Esteem Support			mini mic etc. to support a HI child's
ELSA			hearing and listening and encourage th
Book of Beasties			appropriate use and management of
During and the shifting a			these. Staff know what to do if there is
Quiet room at lunchtime			fault with the child's ALD/s.
Aggregate external aggregation if			Access to external agencies if
Access to external agencies if			Access to external agencies if
necessary: CAHMS, educational osychology, CDC, Advisory team			necessary: educational psychology, CAHMS, OT and Physiotherapy.
osychology, CDC, Advisory team			Hearing impairment team and Visual
			impairment team termly visits.
			impairment team terminy visits.

Interventions recommended by
specialist assessments or external
support services:

- CAMHS
- Educational Psychologist
- Art therapy

Interventions recommended by specialist assessments or external support services:

- CAMHS
- Educational Psychologist

Interventions recommended by specialist assessments or external support services:

- Speech and Language Therapy with SALT
- Autism Advisory Service
- CAMHS
- Educational Psychologist

Interventions recommended by specialist assessments or external support services:

- Occupational therapist
- Hearing impairment team
- Visual impairment team
- Physiotherapist
- School link nurse

When a child is on the individualised support, all of the universal support and targeted supported is available to them.

Language Link	Read Write Inc	ASD Boys Group	Numicon	Behaviour and sup- port mentoring	E HOO
Language for Thinking	Fresh Start Thrive Gardening	Spelling	ELSA	Power of:	2
Lego therapy			Anxiety support		
GRT Group	Thrive Nurture	Provision Map	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Thrive Support	Thrive transi- tion
	Self-Esteem Support			Physiotherapy	
F.R.I.E.N.D.S	Lunch Social	Seasons for Growth			
	group		Art and Reading lunch club		
		Handwriting		Pre and interver	
Art Therapy	Drawing and talking				
		Thrive Sports		Sand Therapy	
	Thrive Social Skills		Books of Beasties		We Strive men- toring